C. F. 71 & 72—658,414 21-11-24

C.F. 71 & 72.

19 32

Department of Arts.

OFFICE 3rd Cross Road.

STATION

No. 136
136

Dated 15 32

To whom sent		Date	Initial
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	Given for despatch		
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	Indexed		
agree in the file	To be destroyed on*		

(SUBJECT.)

Archæological Survey - Annual Report -
Administration - Bombay - Forms.

* Not to be filled in in the case of permanent records.

REFERENCE OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, LAND REVENUE & SETTLEMENT, Madras

G.T.H. Bracken Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S., Commissioner of Land Rev.

Reference No. C. 4887-31-1, dated 27-7-1931.

Read - the following

Memorandum from Government, Revenue Department, No. 2234 c/31-1 dated 24th July 1931.

The question of redistributing divisions and taluks in each district was considered in 1922 in detail as a measure of retrenchment and orders were passed by Government separately for each district. The Government now desire that the question should be examined again as a measure of retrenchment with a view to securing reduction of 8 or if possible 10 per cent in the expenditure for a full year under the heads concerned. The Board of Revenue is requested to call on Collectors to examine the question and submit concrete proposals. In doing so the Collectors should observe the instructions which were given in Memorandum No. 1604 c/22-2, dated 11th April 1922 a copy of which should be furnished to each Collector. The Board of Revenue is requested to treat the reference as very urgent and to instruct the Collectors to submit their reports with the utmost promptitude. The Board is also requested to submit to Government with its remarks the report for each district as it is received.

[illegible]

Secretary to Government.

To The Board of Revenue, (Land Revenue and Settlement)

REFERENCE:-

Jurisdiction - Divisions and taluks -Redistribution Proposals called for.

Communicated to the Collectors of all Districts except Madras.

2. Their attention is invited to the instructions in the Government Memorandum and they are requested to submit concrete proposals

districts with a view to securing reduction in expenditure.

3 This Reference should be treated as specially Urgent and reply submitted to a very early date.

(Sd.) A.R. MacEwen,

Secretary.

To. The Collectors of all districts except Madras,
with a copy of the Government Memorandum (Revenue
604-C-22-2. dated 11-4-'22

Memorandum (Revenue Department) No. 1604-C/22-2, dated 11th April 1922.

Owing to financial stringency the Government desire that the question of redistributing the divisions within each district with a view to reduction should be examined carefully. The Board is requested to call on the collectors of all districts to send a report on the constitution of the divisions within their respective districts giving the information asked for below in respect of each division and offering their suggestions for any possible reduction. The Board is requested to send on these reports individually as they are received from collectors with any remarks of suggestions which they wish to offer.

1. Area. 2. Population, 3. Number of taluks, 4 No. of firkas, 5. Number of Government villages, 6. Number of Proprietary villages, 7. Land Revenue, (Separately for Government and Proprietary villages), 8. Number of magisterial cases, 9. Number of appeals, 10. Number of Sub-Magistrate's Courts. 11. Number of miscellaneous cases. 12. Number of revenue suits under the Estates Land Act, 13. Number of currents and number of disposals in each

any registers in use in the office.

2. The information may be furnished for three calendar years 1928, 1929 and 1930.

3. The Government desire that similar enquiries should be made in respect of taluks. The Board of Revenue is requested to direct Collectors to report on their districts giving the information required below together with any suggestions for reduction of taluks.

(1) Area (2) Population (3) Number of firkas (4) Number of Government villages (5) Number of proprietary villages (6) Land revenue for proprietary area (7) Land revenue for Government area (8) Whether there is a deputy tahsildar (9) Whether the Tahsildar has any magisterial charge, if so statistics of magisterial work (10) Minor irrigation works. (11) Number of darkhast cases (12) Number of transfer of registry cases.

T r e a s u r y.

(13) Number of challan receipts (14) Number of vouchers for disbursements (15) Total receipt and disbursements.

(16) Number of toddy shops (17) Number of arrack shops (18) Correspondence.

(By Order)

V. Ponnayya,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

To
The Board of Revenue, Land Revenue and Settlement.

D.Dis 7456-31

South Kanara Collector's Office,

Camp Karomangalore, 23.8.1931.

From

Khan Bahadur J. Hussain, Bar-at-law.,
Collector of South Kanara.

The Secretary to the Board,
Land Revenue and Settlement,
M a d r a s.

S i r,

Jurisdiction - Divisions and Taluks - Re-distribution Proposals submitted.

(N) Board's Reference No. C. 4887-31-1. dated 27.7.1931.

South Kanara has three Revenue Divisions comprising six taluks, three of which, namely, Mangalore, Kasargode and Puttur have each a sub-taluk with a dependent Deputy Tahsildar - The question of re-distribution of these Divisions and Taluks was considered in 1922, but was finally dropped as not feasible - please see Mr. Nedungadi's report D.Dis No. 2658-22-V2, dated 29th July 1922 in reply to Board's reference No. A 1743/22-1, dated the 26th April 1922, as also G.O.No.242, Mis., Revenue dated 8th February 1923 communicated with B.P.No. 322 Mis., L.R. and S., dated 10th February 1923.

2. Since the date of the receipt of the G.O. quoted above, the circumstances have not changed for the better and none of my Revenue Divisional Officers and Tahsildars is of opinion that any re-distribution is possible. On the other hand, the statistics called for by the Board, which are enclosed in two statements - one in respect of the Divisions and the other in respect of the Taluks - when compared with

those submitted last time, show beyond doubt that, on the whole, the administrative work has increased in all its branches, making it quite impossible for any curtailment in the existing staff without seriously interfering with efficient administration. Already, there is need for -- an increase in establishments and any reduction now seems out of question. Besides, this District is situated on the borders of the Mysore Province and the Coorg District on the one side and the Bombay Presidency on the other, - thus making its position all the more important. Also, it has very little of Railway communication. Under these circumstances, I would respectfully give it as my decided opinion that no re-distribution of the divisions is possible from any point of view.

24/3/31

For Collector

Statement showing statistics called for in Board's Ref. No. 4887-31-1

Coondapoor Division

		1928	1929	1930.
1. Area of the Divisions	Acres	10,26689	10,26689	1026,689
2. Population (Census of 1921)		501,578	501,578	501,578
Do (Census of 1931)				519,203
3. Number of Taluks		3	3	3
4. Number of firkas		11	11	11
5. Number of Government villages		323	323	323
6. Number of Proprietary villages				
7. Land Revenue excluding cess for Government villages	Rs.	1,153,186	1,160,082	1,155,469
8. Number of Magisterial cases		53 ✓	64 ✓	138
9. Number of Criminal Appeals		21 ✓	37 ✓	3 *
10. Number of Sub Magistrate's Courts		3	3	3
11. Number of miscellaneous cases		32	36	57
12. Number of Revenue suits under the Estate Land Act or the Mulgeni Act	Mulgeni cases	124 ✓	69	77
13. Number of currents and number of disposals in each of the registers in use in the Divisional Office.	Personal Register — No. of currents	6587	6,196	6,955
	Personal Register — No. of disposals	6,347	6027	6,724
	Copy application register — No. of currents	414	309	440
	Copy application register — No. of disposals	408	308	434

* The joint magistrate in charge of the

South Kanara Collector's Office,
Camp: Penemangalore, 23-8-1931.

RS
23/8/1931

dated 27-7-1931 for the several Revenue Divisions in the S. Kanara District.

Mangalore Division.			Puttur Division.		
1928	1929	1930	1928	1929	1930
263944 ✓	260927 ✓	260927 ✓	1281902 ✓	1284919 ✓	1284919
303593 ✓	301903 ✓	301903 ✓	430660 ✓	432364	432364
		406783 ✓			507709
1	1	1 ✓	2	2	2
6	6	6 ✓	11	11	11
180	178	178 ✓	296	298	298
-	-	-	-	-	-
535198 ✓	534289 ✓	533882 ✓	999174 ✓	979404 ✓	983383 ✓
90 ✓	137 ✓	172 ✓	127 ✓	116	96 ✓
70 ✓	38 ✓	75 ✓	1 ✓	30 ✓	49 ✓
2 ✓	2 ✓	2 ✓	4 ✓	4 ✓	4 ✓
47 ✓	41 ✓	56 ✓	91 ✓	100 ✓	78 ✓
70 ✓	12 ✓	19 ✓	26	14	4
6176 ✓	5868 ✓	5147 ✓	45	5620 ✓	6497 ✓
6126 ✓	5828 ✓	5107 ✓	58 ✓	5615 ✓	6473 ✓
544 ✓	461 ✓	523 ✓	412	604 ✓	557 ✓
539 ✓	451 ✓	522 ✓	412	604 ✓	556 ✓

Sir on his ad ns appellate powers since March 1

For Collector.

Statement showing the statistics of Revenue and Magisterial work etc., in the six Taluks of South

ITEMS	Mangalore Taluk			Kasarag	
	1928	1929	1930	1928	19
1. Area.	263944	260927	260927	487597	487
2. Population (Census of 1921)	303593	301903	301903	236931	236
Do (Census of 1931)			406783		
3. Number of firkas	6	6	6	5	
4. Number of Government villages.	180	178	178	114	11
5. Number of Proprietary villages.	-	-	-	-	
6. Land Revenue for Proprietary areas.	-	-	-	-	
7. Land Revenue for Government area	535198	534289	533881	536390	523
8. Whether there is a Deputy Tahsildar.	1 Dy. Tahr.	1 Dy.Tahr	1 Dy.Tahr	one	o
9. Whether the Tahsildar has any magisterial charge, if so, statistics of Magisterial work.	10*	-	-	-	
10. Minor irrigation work	-	-	-	-	
11. Number of darkhast cases.	707	646	536	933	8
12. Number of transfer of registry cases.	1599	1936	1028	1535	15
Treasury.					
13. Number of chalan receipts.	12745	12880	13223	14209	137
14. Number of vouchers for disbursement	2240	2291	2215	8030	83
15. Total Receipts	1440152	1405317	1381900	1294054	1121
Disbursements.	1430313	1412881	1387292	1328731	14120
Abkari.					
16. Number of toddy shops.	145	142	139	128	128
17. Number of arrack shops	83	82	74	40	40
18. Correspondence.	14889	15443	12834	9786	1037

* These figures represent rare cas
Magistrate's file.

th Kanara Collector's Office,
Camp:Panemangalore, 23-8-1931

luk.	Puttur Taluk.			Udipi Taluk			Karkal Taluk			Kundapur Taluk		
1930	1928	1929	1930	1928	1929	1930	1928	1929	1930	1928	1929	1930
487597	794305	797322	797322	228126	228126	228126	402374	402374	402374	396189	396189	39618
236931	193729	195433	195433	209909	209909	209909	142655	142665	142665	149014	149014	14901
302043			205666			227530			142669			14900
5	6	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3
114	182	184	184	115	115	115	105	105	105	103	103	103
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
522575	462784	456069	460808	509396	510150	510918	300000	305680	300451	343790	344252	34410
one	one	one	one	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
-	11*	6*	3*	-	-	2*	-	3*	2*	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
919	964	889	667	775	907	646	685	665	507	399	303	320
1704	933	1003	803	2042	2001	2173	1311	802	829	1221	1189	1448
13709	10538	11015	10756	10945	10605	10236	7446	7161	7094	6433	6540	6842
9047	4727	5210	5641	5498	5992	6111	3494	3752	4120	3247	3521	3643
1498954	1489448	1465500	1369865	1705104	1641827	1743375	882816	894822	938939	1170613	1158114	13172
1497233	1509789	1461232	1369006	1601903	1648053	1737123	885555	894846	939698	1179925	1154688	13971
128	128	131	129									
34	87	87	88	74	74	74	80	80	78	48	48	48
13069	11888	12191	9838	38	38	38	62	62	58	37	37	37
				10690	10803	10270	10505	9562	9325	9991	9270	8690

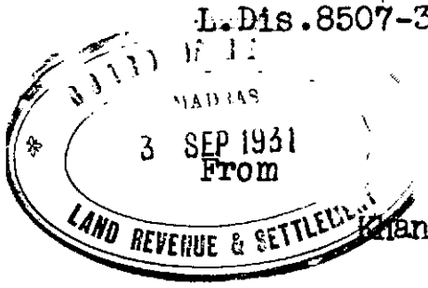
transferred to the Tahsildar

For Collector.

C 6030

L.Dis.8507-31.

South Kanara Collector's Office,
Camp Uppinangadi, 30th Aug.1931.



From

Khan Bahadur J. Hussain, Bar-at-Law,
Collector of South Kanara.

To

The Secretary to the Board,
Land Revenue & Settlement,
M a d r a s.

Sir,

Jurisdiction - Divisions and Taluks - Re-distribution - This office report D.Dis.7456-31, dated 23rd August 1931.

Board's Reference No.4887-31-1, dated 27th July 1931.

In my report D.Dis.7456-31, dated 23rd August 1931 submitted in reply to Board's above reference I have stated that no redistribution of the divisions is possible from any point of view. The word ------- "divisions" include "Taluks" also.

For Collector.

M.D'S.30/8.

To A.S. HR

Full Board

R. F. XXII-A-19—30,004--2-2-31 (6)

FOR MEMBER.

Subject

Jurisdiction (S. Kanara).

Division and talks. Redistribution.

Report. Submitted

READ AGAIN B. P. No. _____, dated _____ 193

" " " _____, " _____ 193

READ ALSO :--

(1) Register No. _____. From the _____, No. _____, dated _____ 193

Memo. from Govt. Rev. Dept. No. 2234 C/31-2 & 24.7.31 — Q

" " PP1-4 cf. " " C 5784/31. A with Encls. " _____ 193

P5cf C 6030/31 — A

" " _____, " " _____, " _____ 193.

RESOLUTION. Refer. C No. 5784/31-1 dated 8.9. 193

PP1-5cf.

In Kasaragod Taluk.

Submitted to Govt.

2. The Board considers that any redistribution of divisions or talukas in this district would make either an unwieldy division or taluk. It might be possible to abolish the Bantwal or the Hosdurg Sub taluks but this would place unduly heavy work on the Talukdars. Except on the roads S. Kanara is not an easy country to travel in and it would not be possible to redistribute the divisions and talukas without serious loss of efficiency. The Board, however agrees with the Collr. that no

reduction of divisions or talukas

in the districts is feasible.

7.9.31.

8.9.31

8/9

A.M/8.9.31.

To the Secretary Govt. Rev. Dept.

RECEIVED
8 SEP 1931
8.9.31

BOARD OF REVENUE
MADRAS
25 SEP 1931
LAND REVENUE & SETTLEMENT

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Revenue Department.

C 6644

MEMORANDUM No.3030-C/31-1, dated 21st September 1931.

Jurisdiction - (South Kanara) - Divisions and taluks - Redistribution - Report - Board's Refce.No.C.5784/31-1, dated 8th September 1931.

In its reference read above the Board of Revenue has stated that if the Hosdrug sub taluk is abolished the wo of the Tahsildar will become very heavy. It has been suggested that the Tahsildar Kasaragod may be able to manage the whole Taluk, without the Deputy Tahsildar at Hosdrug, if a few villages near Mangalore are transferred to Mangalore Taluk which has a Deputy Tahsildar at Bantwal. When the general question of re-distribution of taluks was considered in 1922 Income-tax was still in the hands of the Revenue Department and must have formed an appreciable item in the work of the Tahsildar, Mangalore. As the Tahsildar is now relieved of this work, he may be able to take on a few more villages without seriously affecting the efficiency of administration. The Board of Revenue is requested to examine the proposal.

2. It is observed that there are only three firkas in the Coondapur Taluk and that though there are four firkas in Karkal, the work in the Taluk is not much heavier than in Coondapur. The Board of Revenue is requested to report whether the post of Stationary Sub Magistrate at each of these Taluk headquarters cannot be abolished and the criminal work distributed between the Tahsildar and the Taluk Head Accountant.

H.R. PATE,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue, L.R. & S.

FORWARDED.
(By Order)

Superintendent.

v.s.v.22-9.

A.S. [illegible]

Subject. 10

R. F. XXII-A-19—89,500 22-4-30 (8)

FOR MEMBER

Jurisdiction (S. Kanara).

Finances and balances. Redistribution

Proposals.

READ AGAIN B. P. No. _____, dated _____ 193

urgent
1 pm
am 26/9 " " " _____, " _____ 193

READ ALSO :—

Register No. ____, From the _____, No. _____, dated _____ 193

Pl. q. letter from the Collr. of S. Kanara D.No. 4556.31 of 23.8.31.—Q

" " _____, " " C6644/31 _____, " _____ 193

P q of f.

" " _____, " " _____, " _____, " _____ 193

RESOLUTION. Rpte. C No. 5784/31-7, dated 26-9- 1931

_____ P q of

To the Collr. of S. Kanara

Issue orders accordingly.

26.9.31

Forwarded to the Collr. of S. Kanara for early report.

bar
25.9.31.

25.9.31

26.9.31

S.

26.9.31.

Rec'd from 2nd other signature 11am 28.9

25/9/31

-24-

28/9

11

Subject.

R. F. XXII-A-19—30,004—2-2-31 (6)

FOR MEMBER.

Jurisdiction. (S. Kanara).

Divisions and talukas. Restitution proposals.

A.S.L.N.

READ AGAIN B. P. No. _____ ,dated _____ 193

" " " _____ , " _____ 193

wrpt 3.10

Cir 2/10 READ ALSO :—

Register No. _____. From the _____, No. _____, dated _____ 193

" " _____, " " Pl cy. C 5784/31 —Q, _____, " _____ 193

" " _____, " " Mad cy. Bo's Reya C 5784/31.28 26.9.31. —Q " _____ 193

RESOLUTION. Reya C No. 5784/31.3 dated 28-10-31. 193 1

Issue urgent ltr
28.10.31 cy

The Collr. of S. Kanara.

The Collr. of S. Kanara is requested to expedite the report called for in this Board's Reya read above.

bm
27.10.31

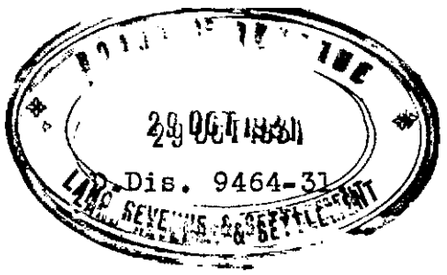
28-10-31.

28.10.31

RECEIVED
28 OCT 1931

28/10

28/10/31



12

C7452

South Kanara Collector's Office,

Mangalore, dated 26th October '31.

From

Khan Bahadur J. Hussain, Bar-at-law,

Collector of South Kanara.

To

The Secretary to the Board,

Land Revenue and Settlement,

M a d r a s.

Sir,

Jurisdiction - (South Kanara)- Divisions and Taluks - Redistribution - Further report submitted

Board's Ref.No. 5784-31-2, dated 26-9-1931.

I beg to offer the following remarks on the two suggestions before Government: -

Abolition of Hosdrug Sub-Taluk and transfer of villages from Kasargod Taluk to Mangalore Taluk.

By transferring to the Mangalore Taluk a few villages of the Kasargod Taluk, which lie near Mangalore Town and entrusting the Tahsildar, Kasargod, with the entire work now done by the Deputy Tahsildar, Hosdrug, apparently the Government desire that the Revenue work of the Deputy Tahsildar should be done by the Tahsildar and the criminal work by the Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Kasargod.

2. The villages near Mangalore are very few in number and are comprised in the Manjeshwar Revenue Inspector's Firka, which has 31 villages. To bifurcate this firka would not only be inconvenient, but also undesirable and to transfer all the 31 villages to Mangalore Taluk would be making the Mangalore Tahsildar's work very unwieldy and quite unmanageable. No doubt a new department was created for dealing with income-tax, which formed an appreciable item of work of the Tahsildar Mangalore, but this has not given the Tahsildar any real relief. Almost simultaneously with the creation of this Income-tax

Department the Mulky Deputy Tahsildar's Office, which had been created to give the Tahsildar relief in work, was abolished and the old jurisdictions of the Tahsildar, Mangalore and the ----- Deputy Tahsildar, Buntwal as they stood before the formation of the Mulky Sub-Taluk were restored - please see G.O.No.P.80 Rev. Deptt.dated 10-1-1922 communicated with B.P.No.58 Mis. dated 12-1-22.

Again, inspite of the creation of the Income-tax Department, the brunt of the work of collecting arrears of incometax has been left to be done by the Tahsildar and infact, this forms quite a respectable portion of the Mangalore Tahsildar's duties. Further, the subsequent creation of Special Departments such as the Health, the Co-operative and the Labour as also that of the several Panchayat Boards and Panchayat Courts and the like, has also considerably increased the work of the Tahsildar, as he has to inspect the Village Panchayat Courts and Village Panchayat Boards.

3. Already the Tahsildar of Mangalore has 117 villages under his direct control, the remaining 61 villages of the Taluk being within the Buntwal Deputy Tahsildar's jurisdiction. So far as work is concerned, a perusal of the statement submitted by me with my D.Dis. 7456-31 dated 23-8-31 will show that the Tahsildar of Mangalore has already got the largest amount of work to attend to, as compared with that of the other Tahsildars. The fall in darkhast and transfer of registry cases in 1930 which is due to the Resettlement operations going on in the District, is only temporary. The cases already sent to the Settlement Department are likely to be received back soon, mostly without any [illegible]tion. There are also other items of work, such as 'Loans', which do not find a place in the statement. The loans work is the heaviest in the Mangalore Taluk. Being the Head Quarters of the District the Tahsildar has also to attend on the several Officers, who visit the District throughout the year.

4. The Deputy Tahsildar, Buntwal has already got a very extensive jurisdiction with 61 villages, the highest number

managed by any one of the Deputy Tahsildars in the District. To give him more villages with a view to have a fair distribution of villages between the Tahsildar and the Deputy Tahsilda in case any of the villages of the Kasargod Taluk are ------- transferred to Mangalore Taluk, would be quite impossible. Th Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Mangalore, has the heaviest crimina file and is already over worked. If any more villages of Kasargod Taluk are now added to his jurisdiction, he will be quite unable to discharge his duties with speed and efficiency which are the essence of criminal justice. At the same time, it does not seem proper and advisable to transfer Revenue work to the Tahsildar, Mangalore, and retain the Crimi jurisdiction with the Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Kasargod. Further, some of the villages of the Manjeshwar firka are ver distant from the Mangalore town, being about 25 to 30 miles away. As already stated above, to add a few villages of this firka to the Mangalore Tahsildar's jurisdiction is not conduci to efficient administration, and, to transfer all the 31 village to Mangalore Taluk would be making the Mangalore Tahsildar's jurisdiction unwieldy and unmanagable. I do not therefore think it possible, nor advisable, to extend the jurisdiction of the Tahsildar of Mangalore any further.

5. Coming to the point regarding the abolition of the Hosdrug Sub-Taluk, though this Sub-Taluk comprises only 31 villages, a number equal to that in the Manjeshwar firka alone, it is divided into two Revenue Inspector's firkas, because of the distance each Revenue Inspector has to travel in his jurisdiction and also of the heavy amount of work he has to turn out as compared with that of other Revenue Inspectors. While the Manjeshwar firka has an area of only 55,134 acres, the Hosdrug Sub-Taluk has an extent of 221,194 acres. I enclos a comparative statement showing the population, area etc. in th Manjeshwar Firka as compared with those in the Hosdrug Sub-Taluk and hope that the Board will be convinced that Manjeshwar

2 cf.

Firka has no sort of comparison with the Hosdrug Sub Taluk. As it is, the villages of this Hosdrug Sub Taluk, are mostly very extensive and covered with rugged hills and dales rendering touring very difficult and inconvenient. To quote an instance, the village of Panathady comprises an area of about 30,000 acres, and it will entail two days' patient plodding, even in the fair months, to traverse the village from one end to the other. Further, the villages are very distant from the Kasargod Town, some of them being 30 to 50 miles away. They are also not connected by public conveyances, such as motor buses. Again, 11 out of these 31 villages are Kumeri villages where Kumeri cultivation is going on on a very large scale - both authorised and unauthorised. There are also a large number of forest offences committed there. On the other hand, the villages of Manjeshwar Firka are not so bad, travelling etc. being much easier and work not so heavy as in the villages of Hosdrug Sub Taluk. These circumstances by themselves would render it quite impossible for the Tahsildar to exercise any sort of effective supervision over the proposed jurisdiction, even if all the villages of Manjeshwar Firka were to be removed from his control.

6. I enclose a statement showing the number of darkhast, transfer of registry, etc. cases and other correspondence dealt with by the Deputy Tahsildar, Hosdrug, during the last 3 years. It shows that the Deputy Tahsildar, Hosdrug has to turn out a very large amount of work. In fact, in point of correspondence and other work, the Hosdrug Sub Taluk is the heaviest of the 3 Sub Taluks in the District, while the work of the Tahsildar, Kasargod is almost equal to that of the Tahsildar of Mangalore Taluk, which is the heaviest in the District. To entrust the Tahsildar of Kasargod with the entire Revenue work of the Deputy Tahsildar of Hosdrug would be simply giving him unmanagable work. The Criminal work of the Deputy Tahsildar is also so heavy that a single Stationary Sub-Magistrate at Kasargod cannot, under any circumstances, cope

with it in addition to his own work. In fact, the Deputy Tahsildar has got as much criminal work as the Stationary Sub Magistrate, Kasargod has on his own file, excluding his (Kasargod Stationary Sub Magistrate's) work as President of the 1st Class Bench, Kasargod.

7. Another point for consideration is that there was a clamour from the public sometime ago for the annexation of the Hosdrug Sub Taluk to the District of Malabar owing to the language difficulty etc. However, the public have at present the satisfaction of having a separate Revenue and Criminal Court at Hosdrug. The proposed abolition of this Court will not only make supervision ineffective and jurisdiction unwieldy, but will also put the poor ryots to unnecessary hardship, in as much as a ryot living in a distant village will have to travel by foot more than 50 miles in order to file a Criminal complaint before the Stationary Sub Magistrate, Kasargod or to give a statement in the Revenue Court. In the circumstances, I am unable to recommend the abolition of the Hosdrug Sub Taluk or of the transfer of any of the villages to the Mangalore Taluk.

Abolition of the posts of the Stationary Sub Magistrates at Coondapoor and Karkal.

8. With regard to this proposal, I submit herewith statement showing the statistics of Criminal work turned out by the two Sub Magistrates during the last three years. It will be found from this statement that on a rough average more than 200 cases are being disposed of annually by each of these Sub Magistrates. No doubt, the number not being a large one, the Courts can be said to be lightly worked, but it is not so small as to admit of the Courts being abolished altogether. Except for a small fall in the number of cases tried by the Stationary Sub Magistrate, Karkal, in 1930, and by the Stationary Sub Magistrate, Coondapoor in 1928, I find the number of cases in both these Courts is generally on the increase. In fact, in the beginning of this month, the Coondapoor Stationary Sub Magistrate's Court had already on its file 279 cases this year. The Sub Collector, Coondapoor,

is of the opinion that a Tahsildar cannot himself, or even with the help of his Head Accountant, dispose of all these cases, considering the fact that he has to tour through his Taluk effectively and I am in entire agreement with this view. The villages in both these Taluks are hilly ones and some are malarial. Touring is, therefore, difficult. This difficulty would be generally accentuated by the frequent transfer petitions that are generally put in in Criminal cases. As it is, the Criminal Procedure Code helps parties considerably in delaying and dislocating the work of even Stationary Magistrates. The delays and dislocation will be very considerably increased if this work has to be done by the Tahsildar - an officer whose primary and main functions are executive, as they should be.

9. Since the question of the redistribution of Taluks and Divisions was considered in 1922, the work in both the offices has been on the increase - please see Mr. Wells' report, R.O.C.No.4505-29-A2, dated 20-8-1929, and in view of this, the Government were pleased to sanction an additional clerk for the Taluk office, Coondapoor - please see G.O.No.Mis.398 Rev., dated 1-3-1930 communicated with B.P.N Mis.734, dated 6-3-1930. To give these Tahsildars and Hea Accountants additional work to the extent as is now propose will not be conducive to the efficient administration of th Taluks. Their present work cannot be said to be light.

10. There are also other practical difficulties which render the carrying out of the proposal inadvisable in publ interests. As already reported by me in my D.Dis.7456-31, dated 23-8-1931, both these Taluks are situated on the borders of the Mysore Province on the one side and the Bombay Presidency on the other thus making their position all the more important and strengthening the necessity for retaining the Stationary Sub Magistrates at both the stations on public grounds. Again, at both these stations there are Government Hospitals, from where there will be occasional calls on the Magistracy for taking down dying declarations. If, when such

a call is received, the Tansildar is on tour and the Taluk Head Accountant even if empowered, is engaged in Treasury work and unable to leave the Treasury, much inconvenience will be felt for want of a Stationary Sub Magistrate to record the dying declaration, ending in undesirable difficulties in the administration of justice. In these circumstances, I venture to state that it would not be in the interests of Government or of the public to abolish either of the Courts of the Stationary Sub Magistrates, Karkal or Coondapoor whose retention, therefore, I strongly urge.

4/1

Collector.

26.10.31.

Statistics of Criminal Cases disposed of in the Courts of Stationary Sub Magistrates, Coondapoor and Karkal during the three years ending 31-12-1930

Acts under which offences are classified.	Coondapoor Court			Karkal Court.		
	1928	1929	1930	1928	1929	1930
Indian Penal Code	92	105	130	69	56	72
Abkari Act	9	3	1	41	60	38
Salt Act	4	6	5	-	-	-
Cattle Trepass Act.	1	-	1	2	-	1
Coffee Stealing Prevention Act.	-	-	-	-	-	2
Forest Act.	20	35	59	17	20	20
Local Board's Act	53	58	40	50	18	21
Motor Vehicles Act.	8	16	21	5	17	22
Stamp Act.	-	-	2	-	-	-
Towns Nuisance Act.	6	6	8	21	62	14
Total.	193	229	267	205	233	190

3) 689
230

South Kanara Collector's Office,
Mangalore, 26th October 1931.

4/4

Collector.

26.10.31.

Comparative statement showing the particulars of population, area, assessment &c. in the Manjeswar Firka of the Kasargod Taluk and in Hosdrug Sub Taluk of the Kasargod Taluk.

	Manjeswar Firka. Kasargod Tahsildar's jurisdiction.	Hosdrug Deputy Tahsildar's jurisdiction (Hosdrug Sub Taluk.)		
	Manjeswar Firka.	Hosdrug Revenue Inspector's Firka.	Charvathur Revenue Inspector's Firka.	Total of Hosdrug Sub Taluk.
1. Population as per Census of 1921.	43,445	49,174	51,224	100,398
2. Area.	55,134-49	122,558-25	98,631-38	221,193-63
3. Assessment.	100,336-13-3	99,880-0-9	112,384-0-7	212,264-1-4
4. No. of Revenue Inspectors.	1	1	1	2
5. No. of Shanbhogues.	12	11	11	22
6. No. of Potails.	27	16	20	36
7. No. of villages.	31	14	17	31
8. No. of Kumri villages.	Nil	5	6	11

South Kanara Collector's office,
Mangalore, 26th October 1931.

4/3
Collector.

D'S.26/10.

26.10.31.

Statistics of Correspondence in the Hosdrug Deputy Tahsildar's Office during the three years ending 31 - 12 - 1930.

	1928.	1929.	1930.
Darkhast cases.	330	435	299
Transfer of registry.	878	889	1223
Magisterial cases.	361	345	370
Forest offences.	125	95	124
Correspondence	4222	4349	4839

4/2

South Kanara Collector's Office,
Mangalore, dated 26th October '31.

Collector.

28.10.31.

22

C.F. 84.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE Board of Revenue, Land Revenue and Sett.
MEMORANDUM

BOARD OF REVENUE MADRAS
4 NOV 1931

Chepauk, Madras.

Post Box *Telegraphic Address*

Name A. [illegible] Box Esq., I.C.S.
Commissioner of Land Revenue

eference..... *No.* 5784, *dated* 28th October 192 1931.
31-3

Short title

READ—the following :—

Letter from the Collector of South Kanara, D.Dis. No.7456/31, dated the 23rd August 1931

Board's Ref.C.No.5784/31-2, dated 26th September '3

REFERENCE:-

JURISDICTION - (South Kanara) - Divisions and taluks - Redistribution proposals.

Sen

The Collector of South Kanara is requested to expedite the report called for in the Board's reference read above.

(Sd.) A.Jagannadha Rao,
Assistant Secretary.

To the Collector of S.Kanara.

- -

F o r w a r d e d.
(By Order)

Senior Superintendent
28.10.3

C.T.28.10.

The report called for within was submitted with this office D.O. No. 9464-31. Dated 27.10.1931

Collector

30.10.31

30.10.31

Subject

R. F. XXII-A-19—30,004—2-2-31 (6)

Jurisdiction — (S. Kanara)

Divisions and talukas. Restitution thereof. Further report — submitted

READ AGAIN B. P. No. _____, dated _____ 193

" " " _____, " _____ 193

READ ALSO :—

Register No. _____. From the _____, No. _____, dated _____ 193

" " _____, " " _____, " _____ 193

" " _____, " " _____, " _____ 193

RESOLUTION. Report of No. 5784/31-4, dated 7. 11 1931

Issue order in this note file

P9 cf. C6644/31-A

PP12—21 cf C7452/31-A

P21 cf.

Submitted to Govt.

2. The Board considers that the Collr has made out a good case for the retention of the Hosdrug sub-taluk. The revenue (which includes an extensive "remain" area) work in the sub-taluk is fairly heavy and there is also sufficient criminal work. If the Manjeshwar firka is transferred to Manjeshwar taluk and the Hosdrug sub-taluk is abolished, the work of the Talukdars, Manjeshwar and Kasaragod will become unmanageable especially in view of the fact that touring in hilly areas is difficult. The Board therefore agrees with the Collr. that it is not desirable to abolish the Hosdrug

obstalwk.

3. The attn is drawn to abolition of the S.S.Ms on Coond afrs & Karkal. ~~It must be admitted~~ with 3 and 4 Rencane Lts although the talwks are very high and ~~Chattrams~~ Bunder is difficult a monsh work in the talwks is however negligible ~~and the Provincial work is very higher. The Tahsrs have only three and four jurisdictions and the Comm~~ work which is very light may therefore be distributed by the Tahsr. and Sanctioned amal will there will be some loss of efficiency ~~but~~ in view of the present need for economy the Board agrees to the abolition of the posts of S.S.Ms on Coond afrs and Karkal.

4 The Board ~~begs to~~ submits the S.S.Ms' Courts are not its concern ~~of the Board~~ and that as it has examined the proposals in general grounds

bm
5.11.31

7-11-31.

6.11.31

7.11.31.

C765

...S DEPARTMENT.

___Branch. **REPLY.**

To The_____

_____

BOARD OF REVENUE
Board of Revenue
10 NOV 1931
LAND REVENUE AND SETTLEMENT

The ... to the ... in this ... and to ... that this reminder may be returned at once with information as to—

(1) the stage at which the matter now is,

(2) the date by which a reply may be expected, and

(3) the reasons which have caused the delay.

2. It is requested that the reply to this reminder may be sent not later than

1311

To Asst. Sec.

Replies to reminders sent may be finished and connected papers from the Registry.

6/11

11.11.31

Office Revenue Secy: J.N. Rajan
Signature.
Date of Letter 7 Nov 1931
Received 6th Nov 1931
Designation. Under Secy to Govt.
SUBJECT. 6/11/31 SN
Application - (South Kanara) - Distribution
- Re-distribution - Bd's Rules.
5784/31 & 8.9.31

BOARD OF REVENUE
7 DEC 1931
LAND REVENUE & SETTLEMENT

Sectt. II-15 (a)—40,000—19-12-80.

C837.c

Received ____ 193 *Registered* 7 DEC 1931 193

Abstract.

~~Jurisid~~

Jurisdiction - (South Kanara) - Divisions and taluks - Redistribution - Orders passed.

Revenue DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. Ms. 2575, **dated** 4th December **1931.**

READ the following paper :—

ENCLOSURES.
No. M 7-8 CF
pa CE
M 24-25 CF

From the Board of Revenue, Land Revenue and Settlement, Ref. C.No.5784/31-1, dated the 8th September 1931.
Memorandum to the Board of Revenue, Land Revenue and Settlement, No.3030-C/31-1, dated the 21st September 193
From the Board of Revenue, Land Revenue and Settlement, Ref.C.No. 5784/31-4, dated the 7th November 1931.

O R D E R.

The Government agree with the Board of Revenue that it is not desirable to abolish the Hosdrug sub taluk of the South Kanar district.

2. Separate orders will issue in the Law Department on the question of the abolition of the posts of Stationary Sub-Magistra at Karkal and Coondapur.

y Order of the Governor in Council)

J.A. Thorne,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue, Land Revenue and Settlement.
Law (General) Department (with extracts and copy of Notes).

F O R W A R D E D.
(By Order)

B. S. Srinivasan
Superintendent.

V:K/4-12-31.

Jurisdiction - (S. Kanara) - Divisions and taluks - Redistribution - Orders passed - G.O. Communicated.

Ag. (RP)

Mp 12-18 Cf. C 7452/31 - G.

Mp 24-25 Cf. BS Ref: No C 5784/31-4, dt 7.11.31 — A

p 27 Cf. C 8376/31 A.

Ref: No C 5784/31-BS

Communicated to the Collr. of S. Kanara.

dt 7.12.31

To the Collr. of S. Kanara.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Received 193

Registered 193

SECY. 11 JAN 1932

Secrt. II-15/(a)—40,000—19-12-30

B255- c 415 12/32

Abstract.

JURISDICTION -

(South Kanara) - Coondapur and Karkal - Stationary Sub-Magistrates' Courts - Abolition - Proposals - Negatived.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. Ms.49, dated 7th January 1932.

READ the following paper:

ENCLOSURES. No.

G.C.No.2575, Rev., dated 4th December 1931.
From the Board of Revenue, L.R. & S., Ref.No.C.5784/31-4, dated 7th November 1931.
To the Hon'ble the Chief Justice of the High Court, No.5140-A/1, Law (General) dated 18th Nov. 193
From the Registrar, High Court, R.O.C.4444/B-1/31-B-3, dated 6th December 1931

ORDER -

The Government consider that it is not desirable to abolish the posts of the Stationary Sub Magistrates at Coondapur and Karkal in the South Kanara District.

2. Separate orders will issue on the question whether the Board of Revenue or the High Court should deal with proposals affecting sub-magistrates and their establishments.

(By Order of the Governor in Council)

J.A. THORNE,
Secretary to Govt.

To the Board of Revenue, L.R. & S.
,, Law (General) Department.
,, Hon'ble the Chief Justice (with C.L.)

FORWARDED.
(By Order)

Superintendent.

v.s.v.84.

R. F. XXII-A-19—30,004—2-2-31 (6)

FOR MEMBER.

Subject.

Jurisdiction - (S. Kanara) - Divisions & taluks - Redistribution - Proposals - dropped - Govt Comm^d.

READ AGAIN B. P. No. _____ ,dated _____ 193

" " " _____ , " _____ 193

READ ALSO :— P1 C.F. C 5784/31
P5 C.F. C 6030/31
Register No. P7 C.F. From the BB's Ref: C 5784/31-1 & 8.9.31, No. _____ , dated _____ 193
P9 C.F. C 6644/31
P10 C.F. BB's Ref: C 5784/31-2 & 26.5.31
" " P11 C.F. " BB's Ref: C 5784/31-38 & 28.10.31 , _____ , " _____ 193
P12 C.F. C 7452/31
P24 C.F. BB's Ref C 5784/31-43 & 7.11.31
P27 C.F. C 8376/31
" " P29 C.F. " BB's Ref: C 5784/31-5 & 8.12.31 " " _____ , " _____ 193
P01 C.F. C 415/32 - - - - - - - (Para 1 only) — A

RESOLUTION. (Mis) No. 126 , dated 15-1- 1932

Issue
15.1.32
to Collr. of South Kanara.

Communicated to the Collr. of South Kanara.
15-1-32

12.1.32
12.1.32

It does not seem necessary either to communicate para 2 of the Fo to the Collr. Keep Call on it.

not necessary.

Jurisdiction. IS Kanara.
Divisions and talukas. Read in

Bds Reps. C 4884/31 & 24.7.31.
C 5784/31.

To Asst. Secy

Please see the Govt's report at pp 1 & 2 of in response to the Board's Reference at (P)

2. The Govt has given it as its decided opinion that no redistribution of divisions in the district is possible. From para 2 of the Board's Reference at p. 13 (R), it would seem that redistribution of talukas is also impossible.

3. I note from a note in the file of (R), the Board's Reference at pp. 12-13 of (R) and the Govt's reply at p. 14 of (R). In the circumstances as reported by the Govt, it is for orders whether Govt may be informed that no redistribution of divisions or talukas in the district is possible.

S

26.8.31

S's note.

Divisions:-- For a Dt. of this size.it s out of the question to have only two R.D.O.s. The Puttur R.D.O.,I know,has a od to cover the ground;Mangalore is uch smaller but is no easy job;and Kunda pur,tho' very easy on the mag'l side,wld e hopelessly unwieldy if anything extra as added to its 3 taluks. I do not see hat anything can be done here.

Taluks:--as in the case of divisns.,I hink there is nothing to be added to ollr's views of 1922(pp. 4-6 of (R)). As n 1922,Karkal is the obvious place to ook to,if any cutting-down is possible;but here,again,it is a question of who is to ake the extra work if Karkal is abolish-ed;I don't see that we can add it to any f the present charges. The(1912)reasons or establishing it were sound enough and ny alteration since then has been in the ay of extra,not less,work.

I think that all we can do with S. Kan. is to refuse unnecessary demands for extra clerks,as we have done several times in the last few months. S. Kan. al--ways seemed to me to be very easy-going, probably owing to its isolation up to ve--ry recent times,but I don't think we can disagree with Collr. over the present points.

With M.2's permission,I have mark--ed this for M.1 first,as I do not think present M.2or M.3(or Mr. Cox) have an

intimate knowledge of the District.

29.8.31.

M.3.

2.

1.(first).

I think the C is right. Any re-distribution of Boys or Tabs would make either unwieldy for a Tabby. It might be possible to do away with Bantwal or the Kasergode Dy Tabs but this would place unduly heavy work on the Tabs. Except on the roads S. Kanara is not an easy country to travel in & I do not think that any better distribution can be devised than the present one without serious loss of efficiency.

3.9.31.

I agree with M I.

4.9.31

D/ Asst. Secy

Sir, I have come home by mistake for Hosdurg Sub-taluk in t

Kasaragod Taluk.

7/31

S

I see another error in clerk's
in previous page: I shall have
words the clerk if he doesn't
prove.

8/

Issue. When
Send to who
(please keep
the copy the
circulation clerk
on the viewing date.

7/8.

First Instt.

Re-submitted with reference

Secy's order above

Asst DR
1.11

Secretariat Section

Who is responsible for this mistake in circulation.
Please get this explanation & send it with your remarks

14/7/31

Shri M. Narasimha Rao (below.

He rarely commits mistakes
in circulation. The other mistakes were
committed by West section now on leave.
This mistake was committed by clerk
Nagaraja Alva
Asst (LR)

He is suspended

11/7/31

Issued as Board's Letter C 5784/31

C 6644/31 ... to G

Bd's Letter C 5784 dated 7th Sept. 31
to Govt

C 7452 ... from the

To 11th Secy

Please see the ... from Govt at p 9 of ... and the report ... Coll. of S. Kanara at pp 12-18 ... suggestions contained in the ... ents. have been examined ... detail. The Coll. states that it is ossible to abolish either the out-turn ... or any of the posts of B.S.Ms ... Coor & Ajrus and Karkal ... impairing the efficiency of ... Mentham is also in favour of his retaining 3 only. In the circumstances we do ... agree with the Coll. ... ... accordingly. ... ...

The Collector thinks that a road on the selection of the road to retain. The revenue ... he such retains is fairly ... and there is sufficient ... work — 35 cases. By the ... of the ... ... into the ...

and the character of the trading such taluks the work of the Tahsildars Manjapalore and Kanargad will be unmanageable especially as touring in the areas is difficult

The collector grounds for the retention of the Stationary Submagistrates at Coondapur and Karkal are not convincing Their work is very light being less than 240 cases a year or 20 cases a month. The work of the Tahsildars was only 3 & 4 first class is not heavy and the criminal work may very well be distributed between the Tahsildar & Sub-Magistrates without much loss of efficiency. The Board may therefore recommend the abolition of the S-

I agree: Manj. Taluks are, I think, the heaviest taluks in S. Kan.
A.H.G. 30/10
Person 8 29 & 10
at pp 17 & 18 c.f.

Please see the Statement at p 19 c.f.

Pl. see the notes at pp. 2-3 above, and the statistics at p.4 C.F. The S.S.M.'s jobs are undoubtedly ligh but it is a question whether the Tah could reasonably be expected to run th rev. work when they are tied down by their share of the mag'l work. If the savings were to go to our (L.R.) cre--dit, I would be a bit more eager for this step! Even as it is, I don't think we can consciantiously say that the Co--lector has made out a strong case ags the proposal.

M.1(first)
3.
2.

A.H.G. 31.10.31

SECY. 4 NOV 1931

Coondapur taluk is very large. It is only a sub-division. But the work is light. Of course there is inefficiency but I think the loss of efficiency is better than the loss to the administration that S.S.M's duties are not done. I agree to the proposal in general

Concur in the proposal in general

Agree with M.

I agree

Govt. 2.XI.31.

3/11